1. A first stage of reforms has been completed in relation to legislative amendments to the *Youth Justice Act 1992, Childrens Court Act 1992*, and *Penalties and Sentencing Act 1992*.
2. The Youth Justice and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2015 provides for the:

* reinstatement of both the sentencing principle in the *Youth Justice Act 1992* that a detention order and detaining of a child in custody for an offence, whether on arrest or sentence, should only be imposed as a last resort and for the shortest appropriate period;
* reinstatement of the sentencing principle that prison is a sentence of last resort for all offenders aged 17 years or over (except those convicted of offences of violence, child sexual abuse or conduct involving child exploitation material) under the *Penalties and Sentencing Act 1992*;
* removal of childhood findings of guilt, for which no conviction was recorded, from being admissible in court when sentencing a person for an adult offence;
* removal of breach of bail as an offence against the *Youth Justice Act 1992*;
* prohibiting the publishing identifying information of any young person in the youth justice system, unless allowed by court order for those who have committed particularly heinous and violent offences and where the publication is in the public interest;
* reinstatement of the Children Court of Queensland’s power to review sentences handed down by Childrens Court magistrates. This will include expanding the definition of a sentence order, so as to allow new sentences imposed as a result of child’s contravention of their original sentence order, to be reviewable; and
* removal of provisions relating to youth boot camp orders.

1. Cabinet approved that the Youth Justice and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2015 be introduced into the Legislative Assembly.
2. *Attachments*

* [Youth Justice and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2015](Attachments/Bill.PDF)
* [Explanatory Notes](Attachments/ExNotes.PDF)